In the Claims:

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions and listing of claims in the application.

1 to 3, (cancelled)

- 4. (currently amended) A method for producing a molecular array wherein molecules on the array can be individually resolved which method comprises:
- (i) providing a molecular array comprising a plurality of functional molecules with of known
 identity immobilised to a solid phase at a density such that each individual immobilised molecule is not
 eapable of being individually resolved; and
- (ii) reducing labeling only a portion the density of functional immobilised molecules in the array such that remaining labeled individual functional immobilised molecules are <u>spatially addressable</u> and capable of being individually resolved <u>by optical methods</u>: wherein each individual functional molecule in the reduced array is spatially addressable.

5 to 16, (cancelled)

- 16. (currently amended) The method according to claim 45 4 wherein the label can be read by optical methods.
- 17. (currently amended) The method according to elaim 15 or claim 16 wherein the label is a single fluorescent molecule, nanoparticle or nanorod, or one of a plurality of fluorescent molecules, nanoparticles or nanorods.

18 to 19, (cancelled)

- 20. (previously presented) The method according to claim 4 wherein the molecules are selected from defined chemical entities, oligonucleotides, polynucleotides, peptides, polypeptides, conjugated polymers, small organic molecules or analogues, mimetics or conjugates thereof.
- 21. (currently amended) The method according to claim 20 wherein the molecules are cDNA and/or genomic DNA.

22 to 23, (cancelled)

25. (currently amended) The method according to claim 4 wherein each of the <u>labeled</u> immobilised molecules in step (ii) are immobilised onto a single electrode.

26. (currently amended) The method according to claim 25 wherein the electrode(s) transduce electrode transduces a signal when a target molecule binds to the <u>labeled</u> immobilised molecule present on in the same element as an electrode.

27 to 126. (canceled)